United States District Court Southern District of Texas

ENTERED

August 26, 2020 David J. Bradley, Clerk

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS CORPUS CHRISTI DIVISION

DANIEL AIELLO,	§
Plaintiff,	§ §
VS.	§ CIVIL ACTION NO. 2:20-CV-085
	§
FRED SOLIS, et al,	§
	§
Defendants.	§

ORDER ADOPTING MEMORANDUM AND RECOMMENDATION

Pending before the Court is Plaintiff's civil rights complaint (D.E. 1) for initial screening. On April 13, 2020, United States Magistrate Judge Jason B. Libby issued a Memorandum and Recommendation (M&R, D.E. 10), recommending that Plaintiff's action be dismissed without prejudice. Plaintiff timely filed his objections (D.E. 14) on April 24, 2020.

First, Plaintiff objects that the M&R does not correctly recite his complaints. However, the complaints, as restated in his objections, are the same as are set out in the M&R. The Court finds no error in understanding that Plaintiff is complaining that the decisions of the Board of Pardons and Paroles were incorrect due to members' conflicts of interest, relationship status with Plaintiff, and consideration of materials extraneous to the offense for which he was convicted—all contrary to what he understands to be proper rules and procedures governing the Parole Board. The M&R also understood Plaintiff to be challenging the Parole Board decision on the basis of placing him in double jeopardy

in violation of the due process provisions of the United States Constitution. The Court

OVERRULES Plaintiff's objection to the M&R's analysis of his complaint.

The dispositive ruling recommended by the M&R is that Plaintiff challenges the

fact or duration of his confinement, seeking speedier release. Such relief is available only

after he exhausts his state law remedies, which he has not done. After exhausting his

state law remedies, his action in this Court must be presented in the form of a petition for

habeas corpus rather than a civil rights complaint. None of Plaintiff's objections address

these procedural conclusions.

Having reviewed the findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations

set forth in the Magistrate Judge's M&R, as well as Plaintiff's objections, and all other

relevant documents in the record, and having made a de novo disposition of the portions

of the Magistrate Judge's M&R to which objections were specifically directed, the Court

OVERRULES Plaintiff's objections and ADOPTS as its own the findings and

conclusions of the Magistrate Judge. Accordingly, Plaintiff's civil rights complaint (D.E.

1) is **DISMISSED WITHOUT PREJUDICE**.

ORDERED this 26th day of August, 2020.

NELVA GONZALES RAMOS

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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